

Communication



PRESS RELEASE

Madrid, 5 December 2024

The Banco de España designates a Global Systemically Important Institution and sets its macroprudential capital buffer rate for 2026

The Banco de España has again designated Banco Santander, S.A., on a consolidated basis, as a global systemically important institution (G-SII) for 2026, in accordance with the list of global systemically important banks (G-SIBs) recently published by the Financial Stability Board (FSB).²

The G-SII buffer aims to strengthen the solvency of these institutions and mitigate the systemic effects on the financial system of any potential difficulties they may face. It is also conceived as a requirement to help counterbalance the possible competitive advantage that these institutions may have on the funding markets compared with smaller banks.³

Rule 13 of Banco de España Circular 2/2016 sets out the methodology to be used to identify G-Slls, which is fully consistent with that developed by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS). ⁴ This methodology estimates a bank's global systemic footprint, based on the following five variables: size, interconnectedness with the financial system, substitutability of the services or financial infrastructure provided, business complexity and cross-border activity.

¹ This annual macroprudential policy decision is taken within the framework of the powers conferred upon the Banco de España – in transposition of Directive 2013/36/EU (CRD) – by Law 10/2014 of 26 June 2014 on the regulation, supervision and solvency of credit institutions and Royal Decree 84/2015, and by Banco de España Circular 2/2016 of 2 February 2016 to credit institutions on supervision and solvency, which implements the aforementioned Law and Royal Decree and completes the adaptation of Spanish law to the CRD.

² See FSB, 2024 List of Global Systemically Important Banks (G-SIBs), and the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) press release, Basel Committee publishes more details on global systemically important banks, both of 26 November 2024.

³ The G-SII capital buffer also helps to determine various bank resolution regulatory requirements applicable to these institutions. Specifically, the minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL) and total loss-absorbing capacity (TLAC).

⁴ BCBS. Global systemically important banks: revised assessment methodology and the higher loss absorbency requirement. July 2018.

Table 1. Information on the designation of a Spanish G-SII

Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)	Institution	Systemic importance score (bp)	Capital buffer rate (% of RWA) in 2026	Sub-category
5493006QMFDDMYWIAM13	Banco Santander, S.A.	200	1.0%	1
Memorandum item:	Categories of indicators			
	Size (20%)	179		
	Interconnectedness (20%)	160		
	Substitutability (20%)	52		
	Complexity (20%)	114		
	Cross-border activity (20%)	495		
	Additional score (CRD)	192		
	Additional score (ASTRA)	195		

Sources: Banco de España, BCBS and FSB.

Notes. Additional score (CRD): as per the alternative metric provided for in Article 131(2a) of the CRD and Article 5(5a) of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1222/2014, whereby all claims and liabilities vis-à-vis counterparties established in Member States participating in the European banking union are regarded as domestic (with a discount factor of 100%). Additional score (ASTRA) (Adjustment for Structural Regional Arrangements): metric developed by the ECB⁵ based on a BCBS resolution adopted in 2022 whereby cross-border exposures within the European banking union are regarded as domestic (with a factor of 66%).

In accordance with this methodology, on data at the 2023 close, Banco Santander, S.A. obtained an overall systemic importance score of 200 basis points (bp) (see Table 1) and, as in previous years, has thus been designated, on a consolidated basis, as a G-SII in sub-category 1 (see Table 2). It will, therefore, remain subject to a Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital buffer requirement for G-SIIs equal to 1% of its total risk exposure (risk-weighted assets or RWAs) on a consolidated basis.

Table 2. G-SII sub-category framework

Sub-category	Systemic importance score buckets (bp)	Capital buffer rate (% of RWA, CET1)	
5	530 - 629	3.5%	
4	430 – 529	2.5%	
3	330 – 429	2.0%	
2	230 – 329	1.5%	
1	130 – 229	1.0%	

Source: BCBS.

⁵ "Governing Council statement on the treatment of the European banking union in the assessment methodology for global systemically important banks" of 27 June 2022.

Banco Santander, S.A. will foreseeably also be designated as an Other Systemically Important Institution (O-SII) for 2026. According to Rule 23 of Circular 2/2016, the effective capital buffer rate applicable to Banco Santander, S.A. in 2026 will be the higher of the G-SII buffer rate and the O-SII buffer rate which will be set at a later date.⁶

This G-SII measure was previously notified to the European Central Bank (ECB)⁷ and to the European Systemic Risk Board.⁸ The proposal was also notified in advance to the Spanish macroprudential authority (AMCESFI)⁹ and to Banco Santander, S.A.¹⁰

Designations of systemically important institutions are reviewed annually. The next decision on G-SIIs (setting the associated capital buffer rate for 2027) will foreseeably be taken in late 2025, in line with the standard practices and deadlines of other EU national authorities.

The list of systemically important institutions and the associated macroprudential capital buffer rates set by the Banco de España in previous years can be found here.

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⁶ The Banco de España's macroprudential measure applicable to O-SIIs in 2026 will be adopted by 1 December 2025 at the latest. For purposes of reference, the O-SII buffer rate for Banco Santander, S.A. for 2025 has been set at 1.25%. See "The Banco de España updates the list of other systemically important institutions and sets their macroprudential capital buffer rates for 2025", press release of 22 November 2024.

⁷ In accordance with the procedure envisaged in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013.

⁸ Pursuant to Article 46(6) of Law 10/2014, Article 66 of Royal Decree 84/2015 and Rule 16 of Circular 2/2016.

⁹ As stipulated in Article 16 of Royal Decree 102/2019 and in the sole additional provision of Royal Decree-Law 22/2018. AMCESFI has not issued an advisory opinion since this measure entails no change from the previous year, either in the systemic importance of the bank concerned or in the G-SII measure applicable.

¹⁰ In accordance with the consultation process envisaged in Article 82 of Ley 39/2015 of 1 October 2015 on the Common Administrative Procedure for General Government.