BANCO DE **ESPAÑA** Furosistema

How do interest rates influence the supply of credit?

Video transcription

When inflation began to surge in late 2021, central banks responded by sharply raising

policy interest rates. As a result, commercial banks not only hiked interest rates on

business loans, but also tightened their lending standards.

At the Banco de España we have looked precisely at how monetary policy decisions on

interest rates affect the supply of bank credit to businesses. We have reached the following

conclusions:

First, less capitalised banks (those that rely less on equity funding than other banks)

are more likely to restrict lending to businesses. Indeed, when interest rates rise,

these are the banks that tighten their lending standards for businesses the most.

Second, SMEs are harder hit than large firms by tighter lending standards, as they

have a higher probability of defaulting on their loans.

• And third, all these effects are especially noticeable when interest rates rise sharply.

Document: The transmission of monetary policy to credit supply in the euro area

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