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# China's Structural Reforms and Growth Prospects

Conference on “Global Imbalances and Capital Flows in the Era of New Technologies”

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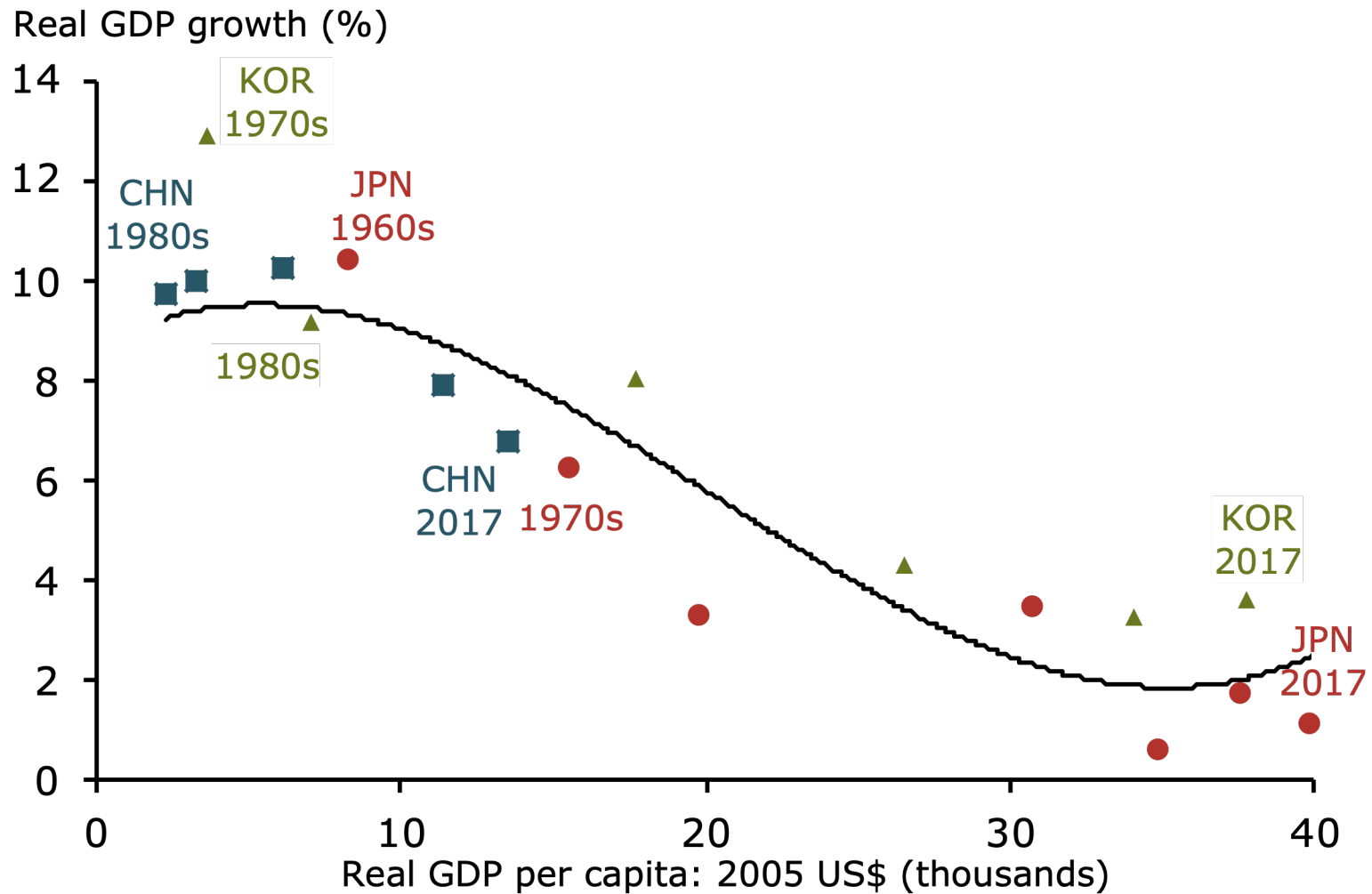
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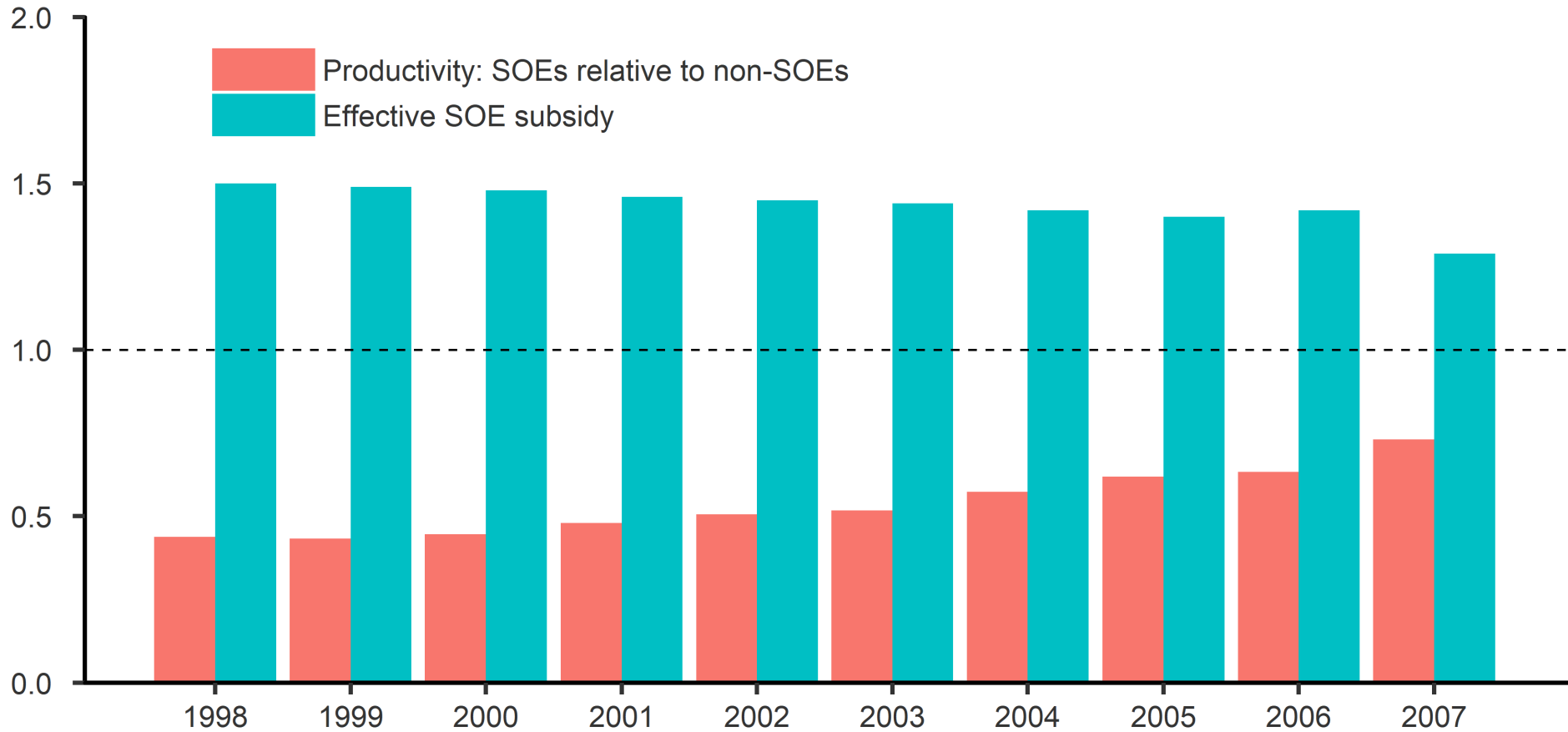
# China appears to have followed the growth paths of Japan and Korea



# Structural reforms needed to sustain further growth

- State-owned enterprises (SOEs):
  - Useful for public goods provision and industrial policy
  - But a source of inefficiency and drag on growth
- Financial repression:
  - Facilitates credit access for SOEs
  - But hurts productive non-SOEs and households
- Capital controls:
  - Support financial repression by restricting cross-border capital flows

# SOEs remain inefficient and subsidized



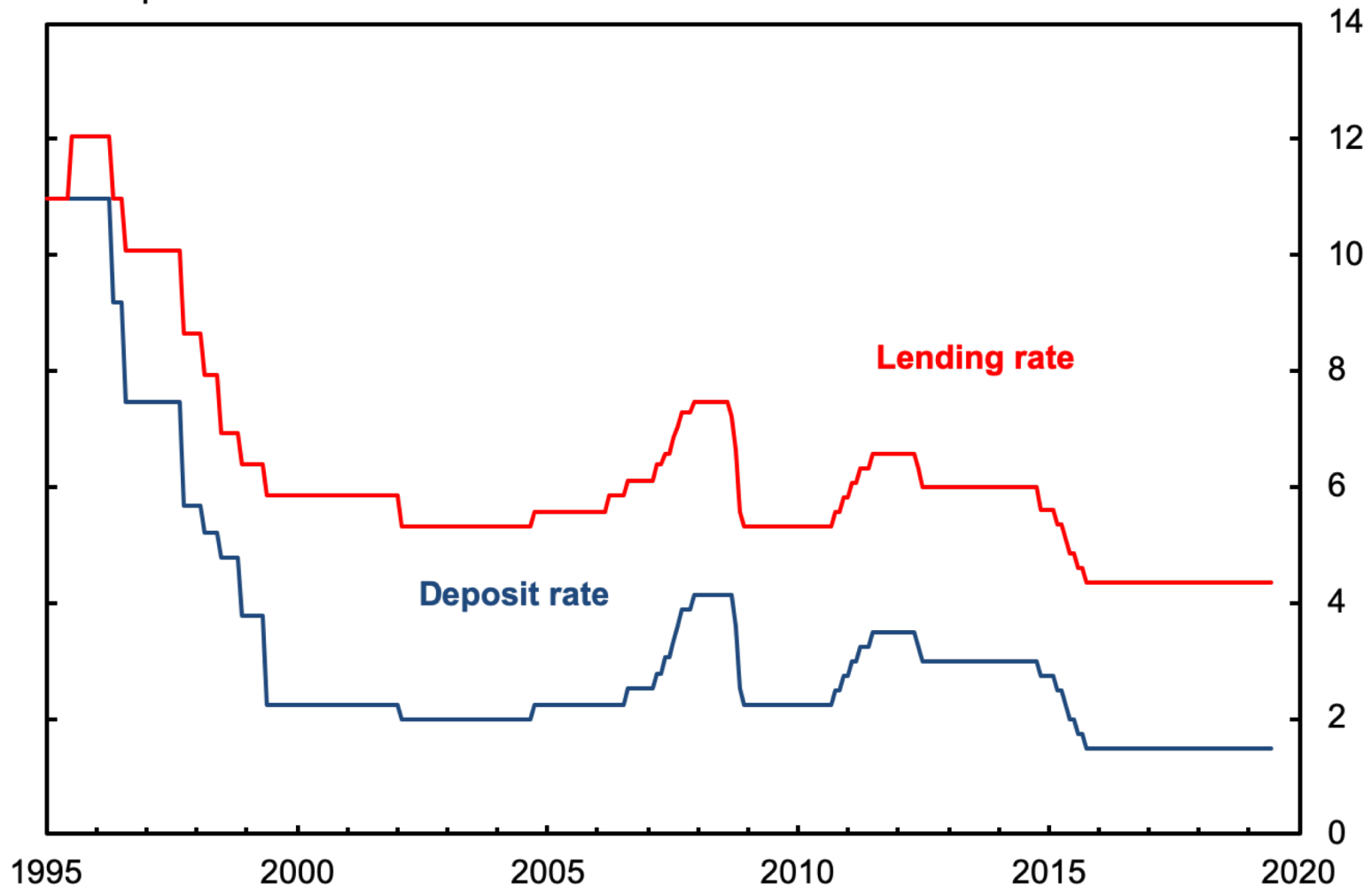
Source: Liu, Wang and Xu (2019) and author's calculation

# SOEs sustained by financial repression...

## China deposit and lending rates

1980-present

percent per year



Source: CEIC; IMF

# ...and also by capital controls



# Financial reform should precede capital account liberalization

- Financial repression:
  - SOEs borrow at subsidized interest rates
  - POEs face higher market rates
  - Households receive lower deposit rates
- Capital controls support financial repression
  - Households restricted from investing abroad
  - Foreign investors restricted from Chinese markets
- Optimal policy: liberalize financial repression before opening capital account
  - Tradeoff: cross-sector allocation efficiency vs. consumption-saving efficiency
- See Liu, Spiegel and Zhang (2019) for analysis

# SOE reform should precede financial liberalization

- Multiple distortions under existing regime:
  - SOEs subsidized and have easy access to credit
  - POEs more productive but face tight credit constraints
  - Interest rate controls
- Interest-rate liberalization faces tradeoff
  - Improves productivity within each sector
  - But exacerbates over-investment in SOEs
- Reducing SOE subsidies alleviates such tradeoff
- See Liu, Wang and Xu (2019) for analysis



# China's growth prospects

- As income rises, slowdown is expected
- Structural reforms needed to sustain growth
- Sequencing of reforms
  - Targeting root causes of distortions
  - SOE reforms should precede financial liberalization
  - Financial reform should precede capital account liberalization