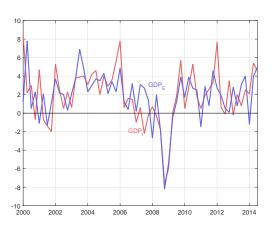
Improving GDP Measurement Further: Data Revisions with News-Noise Measurement Errors

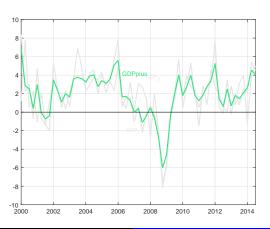
Jan P.A.M. Jacobs, Samad Sarferaz, Jan-Egbert Sturm and Simon van Norden

The XIII Conference on Real-Time Data Analysis, Methods and Applications, Banco de España, Madrid, October 2017

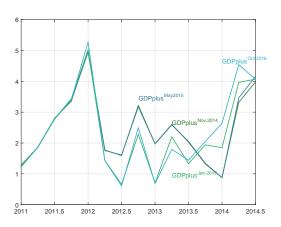
U.S. real GDP Growth: Expenditure Side vs. Income Side



Recent Reconciliation: GDP+



But Reconciled real GDP growth also Subject to Revision



This paper

- What we do:
 - ullet Reconcile real GDE growth and real GDP growth in a real-time data environment
 - Decompose measurement errors into news and noise using a multivariate extension of Jacobs and van Norden (2011, JoE; henceforth JvN)
- Our contribution:
 - Compute new real GDP growth series that takes data revisions into account
 - ullet Compare real GDE growth and realGDI growth
 - Historical decomposition of real GDE growth and real GDI shocks into news and noise shocks
 - Identification through real-time data and news-noise assumptions

Notation

```
GDP_{t}
            real GDP growth
GDE_t
            real GDP growth of the expenditure side
GDI_{t}
            real GDP growth of the income side
GDP_{t}^{+}
            real GDP growth measure of Aruoba et al. (2015)
GDP_t^{++}
            real GDP growth measure of Aruoba et al. (2015)
            measurement error (noise) of Aruoba et al. (2015)
\epsilon_t
            measrurement error (news and noise) as in JvN
\varepsilon_t
            news as in JvN
\nu_t
            noise as in JvN
```

Notation and Econometric Framework

Point of departure: Aruoba et al. (2015):

$$\begin{bmatrix} GDE_t \\ GDI_t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} GDP_t^+ + \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_{Et} \\ \epsilon_{It} \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

$$GDP_t^+ = \mu(1 - \rho) + \rho GDP_{t-1}^+ + \epsilon_{Gt},$$
 (2)

where

$$[\epsilon_{Et}, \epsilon_{It}, \epsilon_{Gt},]' \sim N(0, \Sigma)$$

Move to real-time data environment:

$$\begin{bmatrix} GDE_t^L \\ GDI_t^L \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \iota_l \\ \iota_l \end{bmatrix} GDP_t^{++} + \begin{bmatrix} \nu_{Et}^L \\ \nu_{It}^L \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \zeta_{Et}^L \\ \zeta_{It}^L \end{bmatrix}, \tag{3}$$

where

$$\begin{split} GDE_{t}^{L} &= [GDE_{t}^{1}, \ldots, GDE_{t}^{l}]', \quad GDI_{t}^{L} = [GDI_{t}^{1}, \ldots, GDI_{t}^{l}]', \\ \nu_{Et}^{L} &= [\nu_{Et}^{1}, \ldots, \nu_{Et}^{l}]', \qquad \quad \nu_{It}^{L} = [\nu_{It}^{1}, \ldots, \nu_{It}^{l}]', \\ \zeta_{Et}^{L} &= [\zeta_{Et}^{1}, \ldots, \zeta_{Et}^{l}]', \qquad \quad \zeta_{It}^{L} = [\zeta_{It}^{1}, \ldots, \zeta_{It}^{l}]', \end{split}$$

and ι_l is a $l \times 1$ vector of ones

News:
$$E[GDP_t^{++}, \nu_t^L] \neq 0$$
 and Noise: $E[GDP_t^{++}, \zeta_t^L] = 0$

Econometric Framework

State space representation

$$\begin{bmatrix} GDE_t^L \\ GDI_t^L \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{Z}\boldsymbol{\alpha}_t \tag{4}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\alpha}_t = \begin{bmatrix} \rho & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{t-1} + \boldsymbol{R} \boldsymbol{\eta}_t, \tag{5}$$

$$\mathbf{Z} = [\mathbf{\iota}_{2l}, \mathbf{I}_{2l}, \mathbf{I}_{2l}], \qquad \qquad \mathbf{\alpha}_{t} = [GDP_{t}^{++}, \nu_{Et}^{L'}, \nu_{It}^{L'}, \zeta_{Et}^{L'}, \zeta_{It}^{L'}]',
\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \mathbf{\iota}'_{l} & \mathbf{\iota}'_{l} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\mathbf{U} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\mathbf{U} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathbf{I}_{l} & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathbf{I}_{l} \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{\eta}_{t} = [\eta_{Gt}, \eta_{E\nut}^{L'}, \eta_{I\nut}^{L'}, \eta_{E\zeta_{t}}^{L'}, \eta_{I\zeta_{t}}^{L'}]'$$

Example: l releases of GDE_t

$$GDE_{t}^{1} = \rho GDP_{t-1}^{++} + \eta_{Gt} + \eta_{E\zeta t}^{1}$$

$$GDI_{t}^{2} = \rho GDP_{t-1}^{++} + \eta_{Gt} + \eta_{E\nu t}^{1} + \eta_{E\zeta t}^{2}$$

$$\vdots = \vdots$$

$$GDE_{t}^{l} = \rho GDP_{t-1}^{++} + \eta_{Gt} + \eta_{E\nu t}^{1} + \dots + \eta_{E\nu t}^{l-1} + \eta_{E\zeta t}^{l}$$

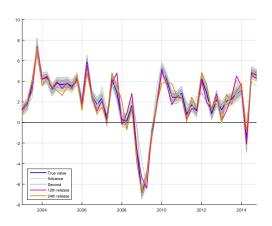
Total revision

$$GDE_t^l - GDE_t^1 = \underbrace{\eta_{E\nu t}^1 + \ldots + \eta_{E\nu t}^{l-1}}_{\text{News}} + \underbrace{\eta_{E\zeta t}^l - \eta_{E\zeta t}^1}_{\text{Noise}}$$

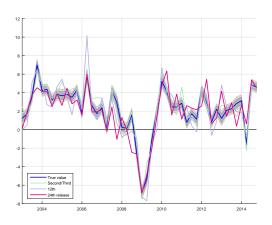
Data and Estimation

- Data
 - Data provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)
 - Monthly vintages of quarterly series
 - For GDE we use Advance, Third, 12th and the 24th releases
 - For GDI we use Second/Third, 12th and the 24th releases
 - Sample we cover thus is 2003Q1-2014Q3
- Estimation
 - Bayesian methods
 - We apply the Gibbs sampling procedure
 - Overall diffuse priors

GDP^{++} vs. real GDE growth



GDP^{++} vs. real GDI growth



GDP^{++} vs. all other real GDP measures

- Compare $(\rho \sigma_{G++})$ pairs:
- Fit AR(1) to different vintages of GDP^+ , GDP_E and GDP_I
- Compute average ρ s and σ^2 s

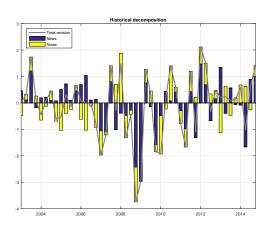
Contribution to GDP_t^{++}

ullet Use Kalman gain to assess importance of GDP_I and GDP_E at different releases

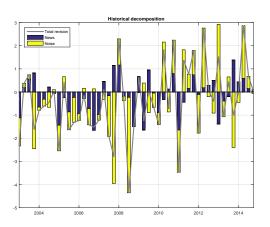
Table: Kalman Gains

	GDP_E	GDP_I
Advance	0.0600	_
Third	0.02	_
12th	0.2465	0.2578
24th Release	0.2178	0.0861

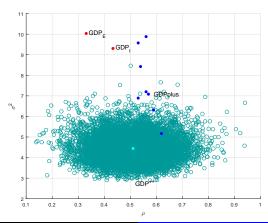
Historical Decomposition of real GDE growth



Historical Decomposition of real GDI growth



Real GDP Growth Dynamics



Jacobs, Sarferaz, Sturm and van Norden

Historical Decomposition of GDP_E

ullet Show total revision of the real GDP growth measures together with share of news and noise shares

Historical decomposition of GDP_I

ullet Show total revision of the GDP measures together with share of news and noise shares

Conclusion

- Provided new real GDP growth measure using real-time data
 - \bullet More persistent and smaller residual variance than real GDE growth and real GDI growth
 - \bullet Similar AR-coefficient but smaller residual variance than GDP^+
- \bullet Computed historical decomposition of real GDE growth and real GDP growth measurement errors
 - \bullet Higher news share in real GDE growth than in real GDI growth
- System is identified using real-time data and news-noise assumptions

Identification

JvN: from dynamics in the state equation

Aruoba et all. (2015): from Komunjur and Ng (2011, Ectra)

Here: we also use Komunjur and Ng (2011, Ectra). System is identified using real-time data and news-noise assumptions

Modelling GDP growth in Real-Time

One variable: JvN (Jacobs and van Norden JE 2011)

Measurement equation

$$y_t = \mathsf{truth}_t + \mathsf{news}_t + \mathsf{noise}_t$$

State equation

$$egin{bmatrix} \mathsf{truth}_{t+1} \ \mathsf{news}_{t+1} \ \mathsf{noise}_{t+1} \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} T_{\mathsf{truth}} & 0 & 0 \ 0 & T_{\mathsf{news}} & 0 \ 0 & 0 & T_{\mathsf{noise}} \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} \mathsf{truth}_t \ \mathsf{news}_t \ \mathsf{noise}_t \end{bmatrix} + \ egin{bmatrix} R_{\mathsf{truth}} & R_{\mathsf{news}} & 0 \ 0 & -R_{\mathsf{news}} & 0 \ 0 & 0 & R_{\mathsf{noise}} \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{\eta}_{\mathsf{truth},t} \ oldsymbol{\eta}_{\mathsf{news},t} \ oldsymbol{\eta}_{\mathsf{noise},t} \end{bmatrix}$$

Modelling GDP growth in Real-Time

Two variables: GDE and GDI

- JvN on individual series take 'average' of GDE truth and GDI truth factor analysis / principal components / common trend
- 2 JvN two series, one factor (truth) uncorrelated news, noise shocks this paper
- JvN two series, one factor correlated news, noise shocks

Fly in the ointment¹

real
$$GDP \sim I(1)$$

real GDP growth $\sim I(0)$
Misspecified model!

Measurement equation

$$GDP = GDP^{++} + \varepsilon_t$$

where ε_t is measurement error.

We need ECM-equation with lagged real GDP to avoid spurious regression problem.

Private correspondence with Adrian Pagan