

Discussion of

Sovereign risk and fiscal (in)attention: US state default 1840s

by Peter Claeys (Vrije Universiteit Brussel)

email peter.claeys@vub.ac.be
LinkedIn [es.linkedin.com/in/peterclaeys/](https://www.linkedin.com/in/peterclaeys/)
web <https://sites.google.com/site/pclaeysite/home>

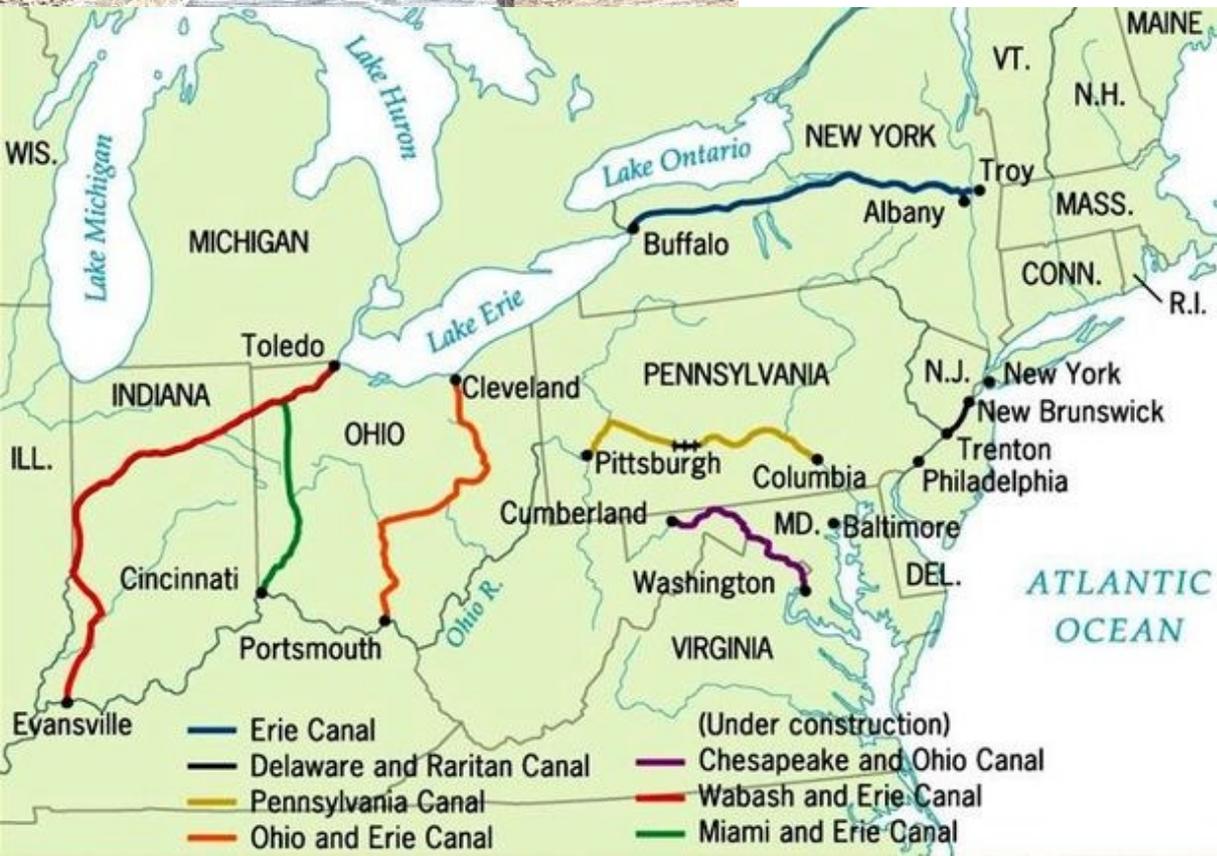


Banco de España + BGSE Fiscal Week

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- economic boom
- infrastructure
- inter-state competition
- financing from outside



Canal Mania



1830



1840



1850



- economic boom
- infrastructure
- financing from outside





The 1837 Panic

- policies to stop speculation
- monetary restriction in the UK
- economic bust
- deflation
- falling exports

Is it rational inattention?

fiscal policy not relevant during the crisis till

1. US states to pick up costs
2. only in states late to exploit bubble
not New York
3. shift to federal government
→ expectations of bail-out

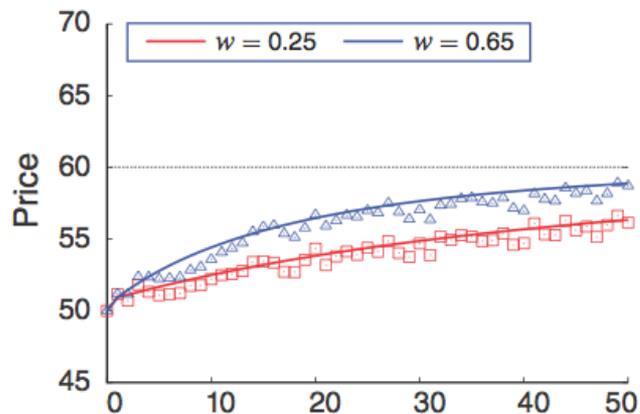
Alternative views

models with noisy or sticky information are hard to fit to the data

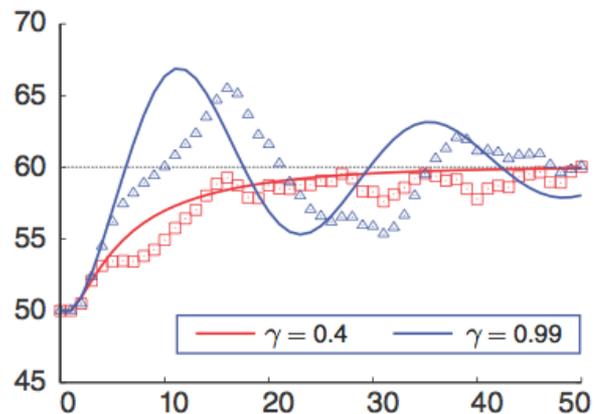
(Andrade and Le Bihan, 2013; Doovern, 2015)

is it not that agents have different ways of processing information following simple heuristic rules attaching importance to news on fundamentals that matter? (Hommes, 2016)

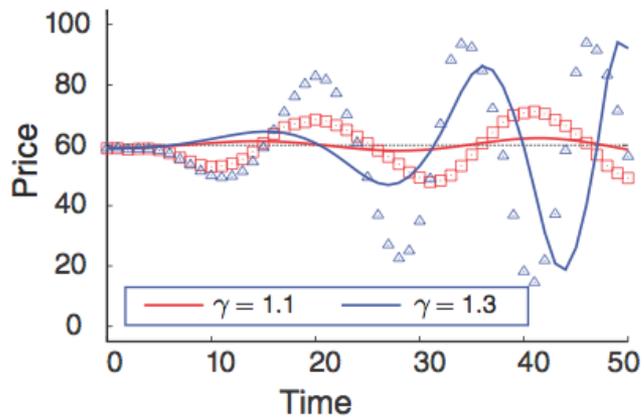
Panel A. Adaptive expectations



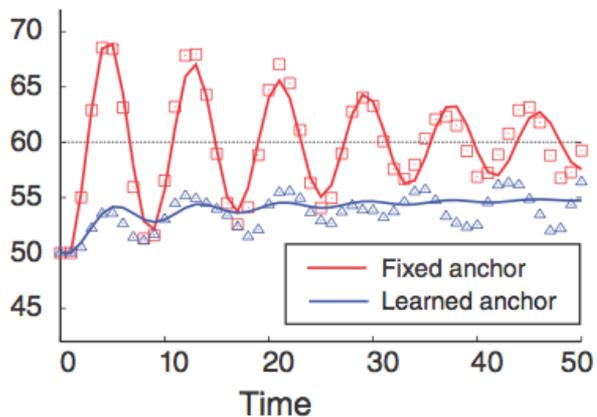
Panel B. Weak trend-following expectations



Panel C. Strong trend-following expectations



Panel D. Anchoring and adjustment expectations



Econometrics

(1) regime switching model

no return to normal?

why do agents not become inattentive again?

1840s crisis led to balanced budget rules

(see Girnath et al., 1997)

(2) explain bond prices

$p = f(\text{index, crisis dummy, lags, controls})$

1. is index endogenous

more news if bond prices fall?

2. lags: persistence in bond price?

why not a simple AR model as a first attempt

3. different fundamentals matter over time

Cimadomo et al. (2016)

4. crisis dummy

but what about the Great Panic?

is this not an atypical sample period?

4. account for spillover across states

5. account for similarity of creditors

Data

bond prices not available

because no interest? so selection bias

or does it confirm rational inattention?

