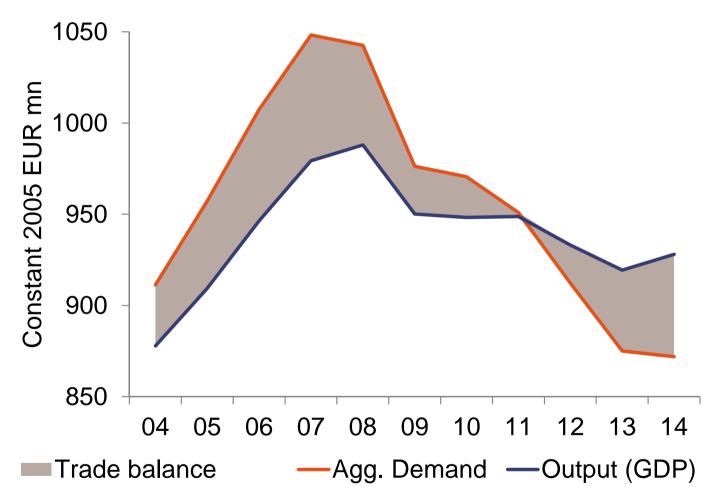


Recovering competitiveness: Challenges for the Spanish economy

Stefan Zeugner
European Commission, ECFIN B1
BdE, 25 March 2015

Spanish external balance: demand-led

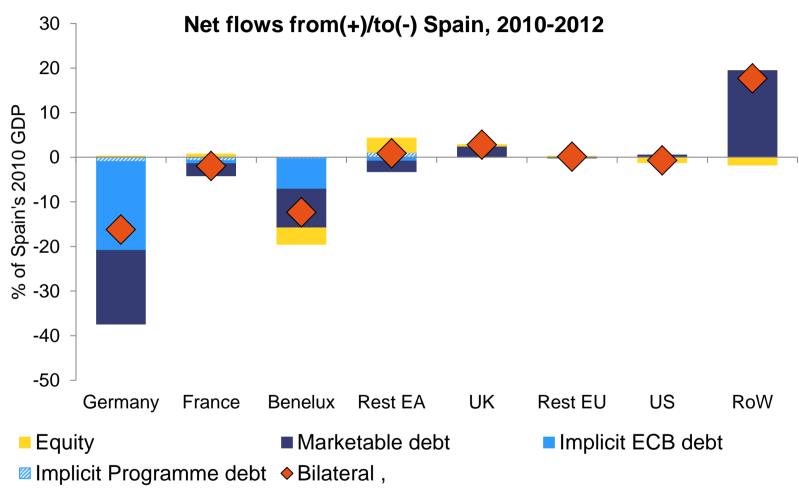




Adjustment through structural decline in demand

Adjustment 2010-12: funding squeeze





Almost all TARGET2 financing to refinance private debt Spanish firms wind down FDI assets abroad

Source: Hobza & Zeugner 2014. Note: Benelux considered as a single entity.

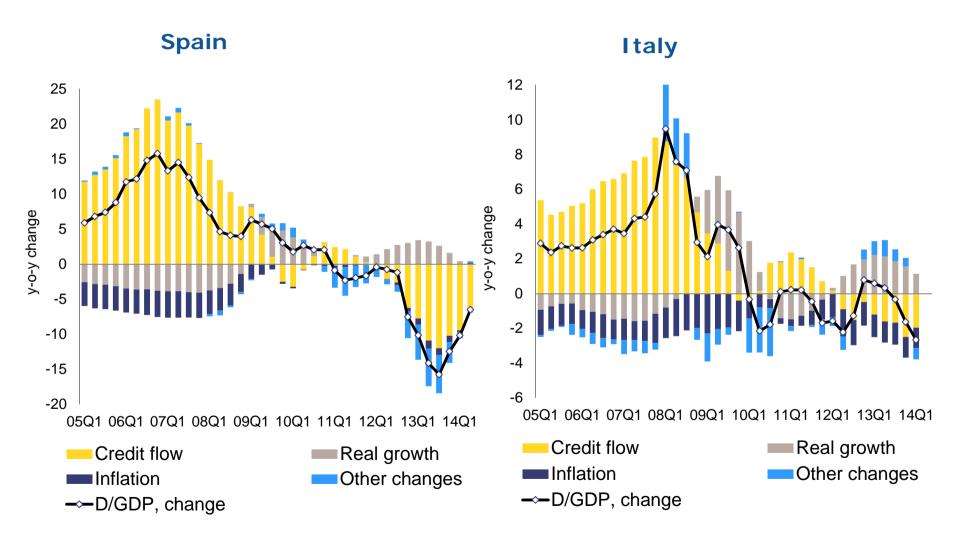
Spanish adjustment: difficult, but some bright spots



- Real exports grow faster than EA since 2012, despite the crisis. More is needed, though.
- Credit discrimination: Equipment investment has almost recovered to 2005 levels.
- Private deleveraging is easing to a more healthy pace.

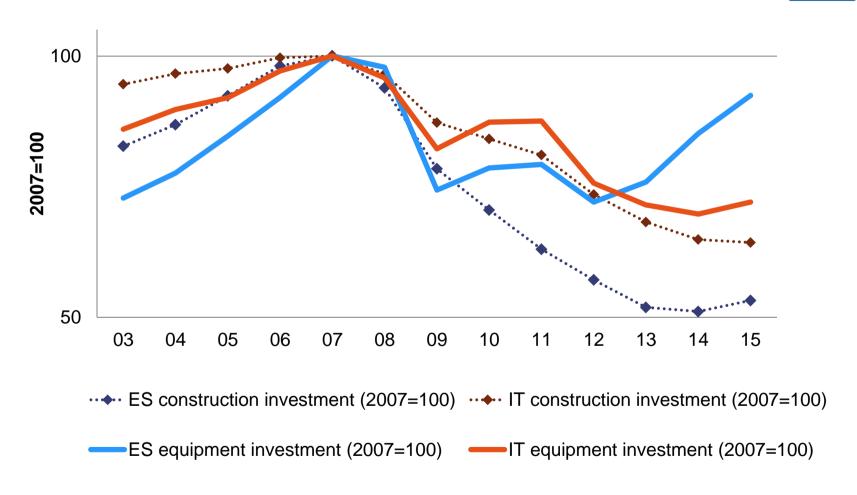
Deleveraging has eased somewhat in Spain





Equipment investment has started to recover in Spain





But: NIIP requires a current account surplus



Current account required to halve NIIP until 2024:

	Current Outlook	Inflation +1% p.a.	Inflation - 1% p.a.
Required current account	+1.9%	+1.2%	+2.5%

Actual CA 2014: -0.1% of GDP

What Spain needs to do



- Nominal growth: NIIP limits role for domestic demand → further improve exports
- Inflation: Spain is large NIIP limits scope for internal devaluation.
- Sectoral rebalancing: More labour and capital reallocation
 - increase firm churning (let good firms grow)
 - Address bad loans to free credit
 - Re-focus banks from mortgages to corporate loans
 - Attract FDI to refinance external debt

What Spain needs from the euro area



- Demand
- Inflation
- Equity financing
- Continued low interest rates

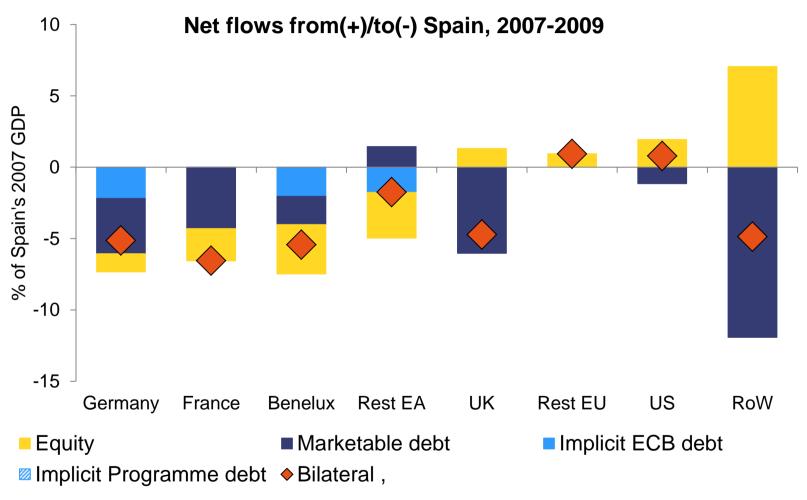
... over the next decade

Appendix



Adjustment 2007-09: funding squeeze

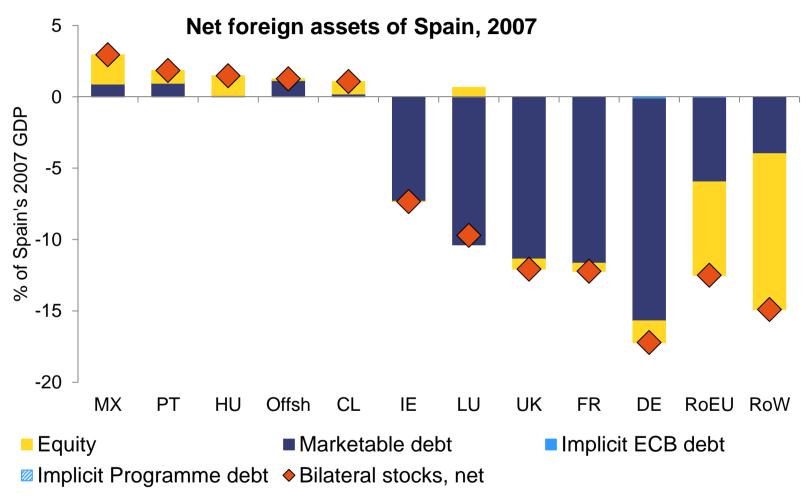




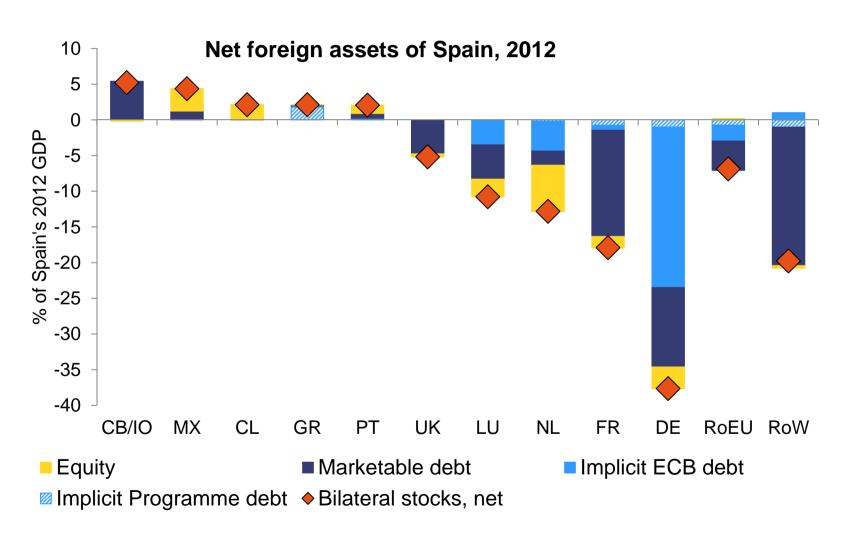
France invests, FDI rerouting, DE, US withdraw





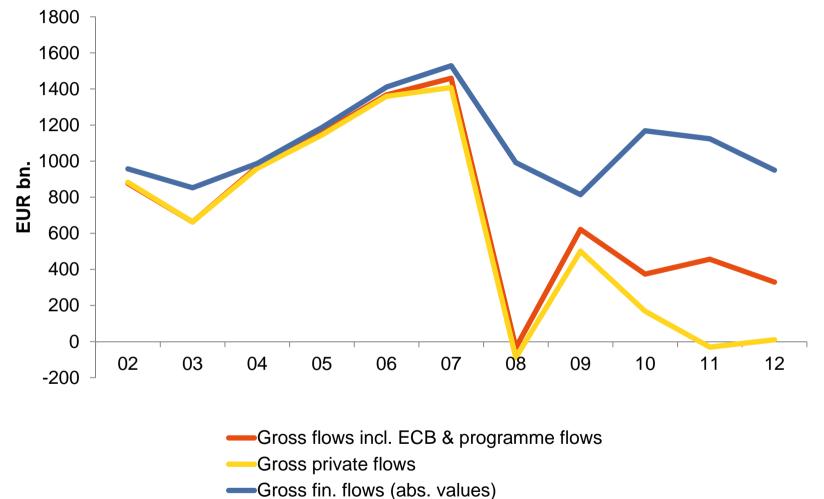






Gross financial flows in the euro area

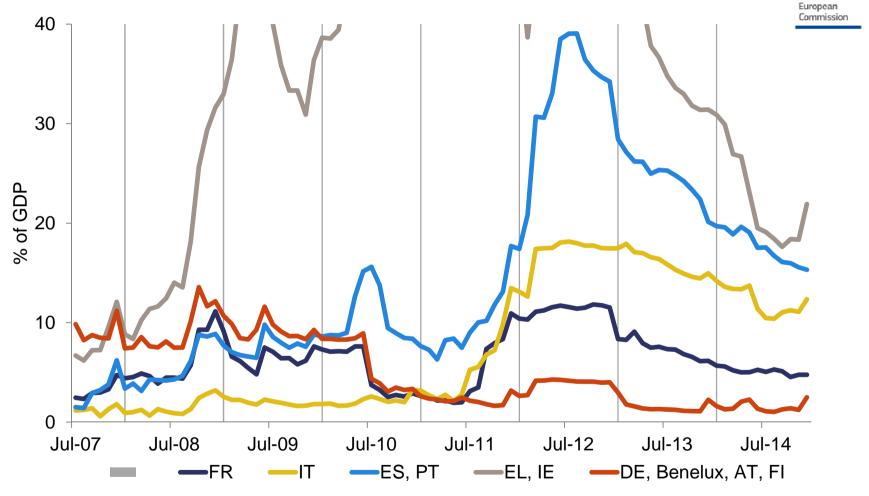




Asset wind-down, but help from ECB & programme funding

Eurosystem lending to MFIs: LTRO, ELA, etc.

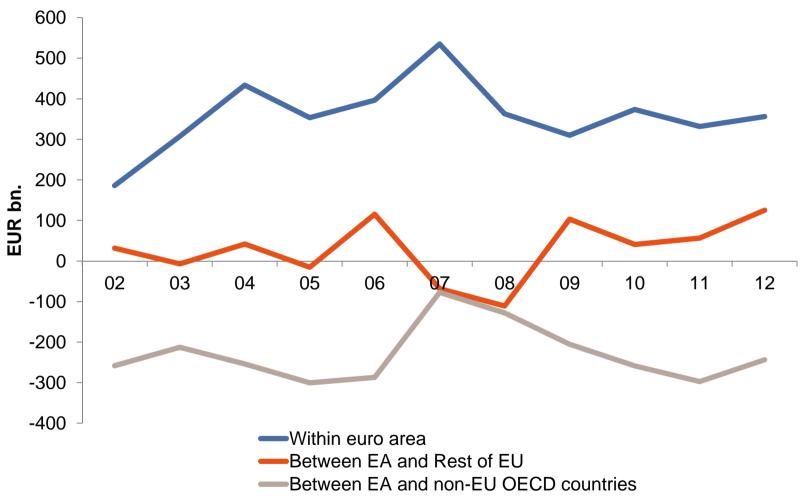




LTROS shot up in 2012, and then got paid back quite soon

Euro bias: Deviation of fin. flows from naïve benchmark

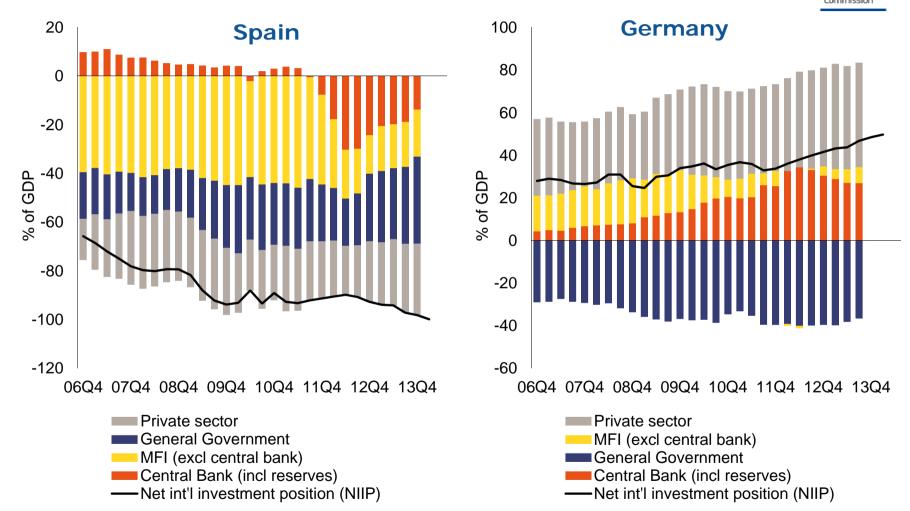




Clear euro bias, but only sustained through official flows since 2011

Net foreign assets ES & DE: interbank replaced by TARGET2





2011: TARGET replaces bank holdings.

2013: ES Government bonds replace TARGET.

Euro area: Asymmetric current account adjustment



