## Composition of capital as of 30 September 2011 (CRD3 rules)



## (1) The amount is already included in the computation of the eligible capital and reserves and it is provided separately for information purposes

(2) According with CRD3 it can include also $50 \%$ securitisation exposures in the trading book subject to $1250 \%$ risk weight and not included in RWA
(3) It includes also possible differences between the book value and the fair value of: i) direct sovereign exposures in derivatives; ii) indirect sovereign exposures in the banking and trading book





Notes and definitions





## Composition of RWA as of 30 September 2011

## Name of the bank:

(in million Euro)

|  | Rules at the end of September | CRD 3 rules |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total RWA ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 5 , 5 6 1}$ |  |
| RWA for credit risk | $\mathbf{2 7 9 , 4 7 6}$ |  |
| RWA Securitisation and re-securitisations | $\mathbf{5 , 7 0 8}$ |  |
| RWA Other credit risk | $\mathbf{3 3 3 , 2 8 3}$ |  |
| RWA for market risk | $\mathbf{2 7 9 , 4 7 6}$ |  |
| RWA operational risk | $\mathbf{1 0 , 3 5}$ |  |
| Transitional floors ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 7 0 8}$ |  |
| RWA Other | $\mathbf{3 5 , 7 3 0}$ |  |

## Notes and definitions

(1) The RWA calculated according to CRD III can be based on models that have not yet been approved by the National Supervisory Authority.
(2) All IRB/AMA banks in the exercise have applied transitional floor which assess the impact $80 \%$ of the Basel 1 requirements. However, wide divergences in national approaches to the floors means that two main approaches have been identified as set out in the methodological note. The transitional floor has been applied according to the following approach:

CDS and other contract Sovereign exposures (central, regional and local governments) in EEA towards other counterparties, as of 30 September 2011, mIn EUR

Name of the bank: ES060

BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARGENTARIA S.A. (BBVA)

| Country (2) | Credit default swaps (CDS) and other contracts (1) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank is protection seller Notional amount outstanding (3) | Bank is protection buyer Notional amounts outstanding <br> (3) |
|  |  |  |
| Austria | 25 | 47 |
| Belgium | 143 | 103 |
| Bulgaria | - | - |
| Cyprus | - | - |
| Czech Republic | - | - |
| Denmark | 3 | 3 |
| Estonia | - | - |
| Finland | - | - |
| France | 68 | 46 |
| Germany | 158 | 156 |
| Greece | 46 | 33 |
| Hungary | 1 | - |
| Iceland | - | - |
| Ireland | 59 | 59 |
| Italy | 432 | 257 |
| Latvia | - | - |
| Liechtenstein | - | - |
| Lithuania | - | - |
| Luxembourg | - | - |
| Malta | - | - |
| Netherlands | - | - |
| Norway | - | - |
| Poland | - | - |
| Portugal | 87 | 80 |
| Romania | - | - |
| Slovakia | - | - |
| Slovenia | - | - |
| Spain | - | - |
| Sweden | - | - |
| United Kingdom | 14 | 33 |

(1) It includes credit derivatives and other credit risk transfer contracts/instruments that irrespective of the denomination respresent indirect exposures (as protection seller/buyer) on sovereign risk (reference entity)
(2) The country identifies the reference entity single name of the CDS and other contracts.
(3) Notional amounts outstanding: Nominal or notional amounts outstanding are defined as the gross nominal or notional value of all contracts concluded and not yet settled on the reporting date. For contracts with variable nominal or notional principal amounts, the basis for reporting is the nominal or notional principal amounts at the time of reporting.

