

## **Press release**

30 January 2023

## Number of counterfeit euro banknotes remains low in 2022

- 376,000 counterfeit euro banknotes withdrawn from circulation in 2022, second-lowest level ever in proportion to total banknotes in circulation
- Around two-thirds of withdrawn counterfeits were €20 and €50 banknotes
- Euro banknotes remain trusted and safe means of payment
- Authenticity of euro banknotes verified using "feel, look and tilt" method

Some 376,000 counterfeit euro banknotes were withdrawn from circulation in 2022. There is little likelihood of receiving a counterfeit, as the number of counterfeits remains very low in proportion to the number of genuine euro <u>banknotes in circulation</u>. In 2022 13 counterfeits were detected per million genuine banknotes in circulation, which is the second-smallest proportion since the introduction of euro banknotes (see the chart below).

Despite this exceptionally small proportion, the number of counterfeits increased by 8.4% compared with 2021 (see Table 1), when the proportion of counterfeits was at its lowest since the euro was introduced. This increase also reflects the recovery of economic activity in 2022 after most coronavirus (COVID-19) restrictions had been lifted. €20 and €50 notes continued to be the most counterfeited banknotes, together accounting for slightly below two-thirds of the total (see Table 2). 96.6% of the counterfeits were found in euro area countries, while 2.7% were found in non-euro area EU Member States and 0.7% in other parts of the world.

Most counterfeits are easy to detect as they have no security features, or only very poor imitations of such features. The public does not need to be concerned about counterfeiting but should remain vigilant. Notes can be checked using the simple "feel, look and tilt" method described on the dedicated security features webpage and on the websites of the euro area national central banks. The Eurosystem also helps professional cash handlers by ensuring that successfully tested machines for handling and processing banknotes can reliably identify counterfeits and withdraw them from circulation.

**European Central Bank** 

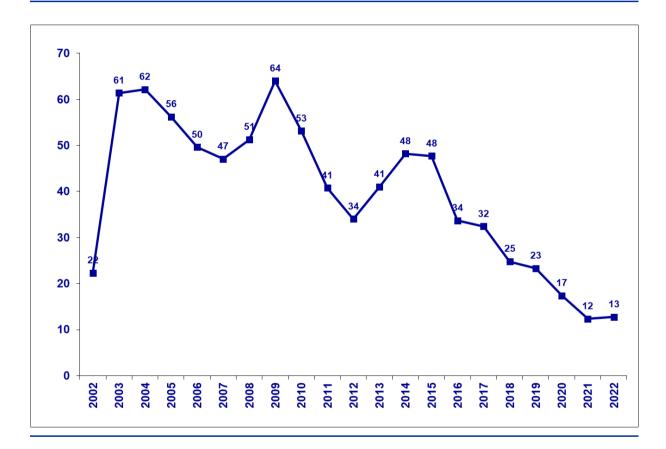
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Using counterfeits for payment is a criminal offence that may lead to prosecution. If you receive a suspicious banknote, compare it directly with one you know to be genuine. If your suspicions are confirmed, please contact the police or – depending on national practice – your national central bank or your own retail or commercial bank. The Eurosystem actively supports law enforcement agencies in their fight against currency counterfeiting.

**Chart**Number of counterfeits detected annually per 1 million genuine notes in circulation



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**Table 1**Yearly figures in comparison

| Year                   | 2017    | 2018    | 2019    | 2020    | 2021    | 2022    |
|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Number of counterfeits | 694,000 | 563,000 | 559,000 | 460,000 | 347,000 | 376,000 |

**Table 2**Breakdown of counterfeits by denomination in 2022

| Denomination        | €5  | €10  | €20  | €50  | €100 | €200 | €500 |
|---------------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Percentage of total | 2.3 | 15.4 | 23.6 | 40.0 | 11.6 | 5.4  | 1.7  |

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